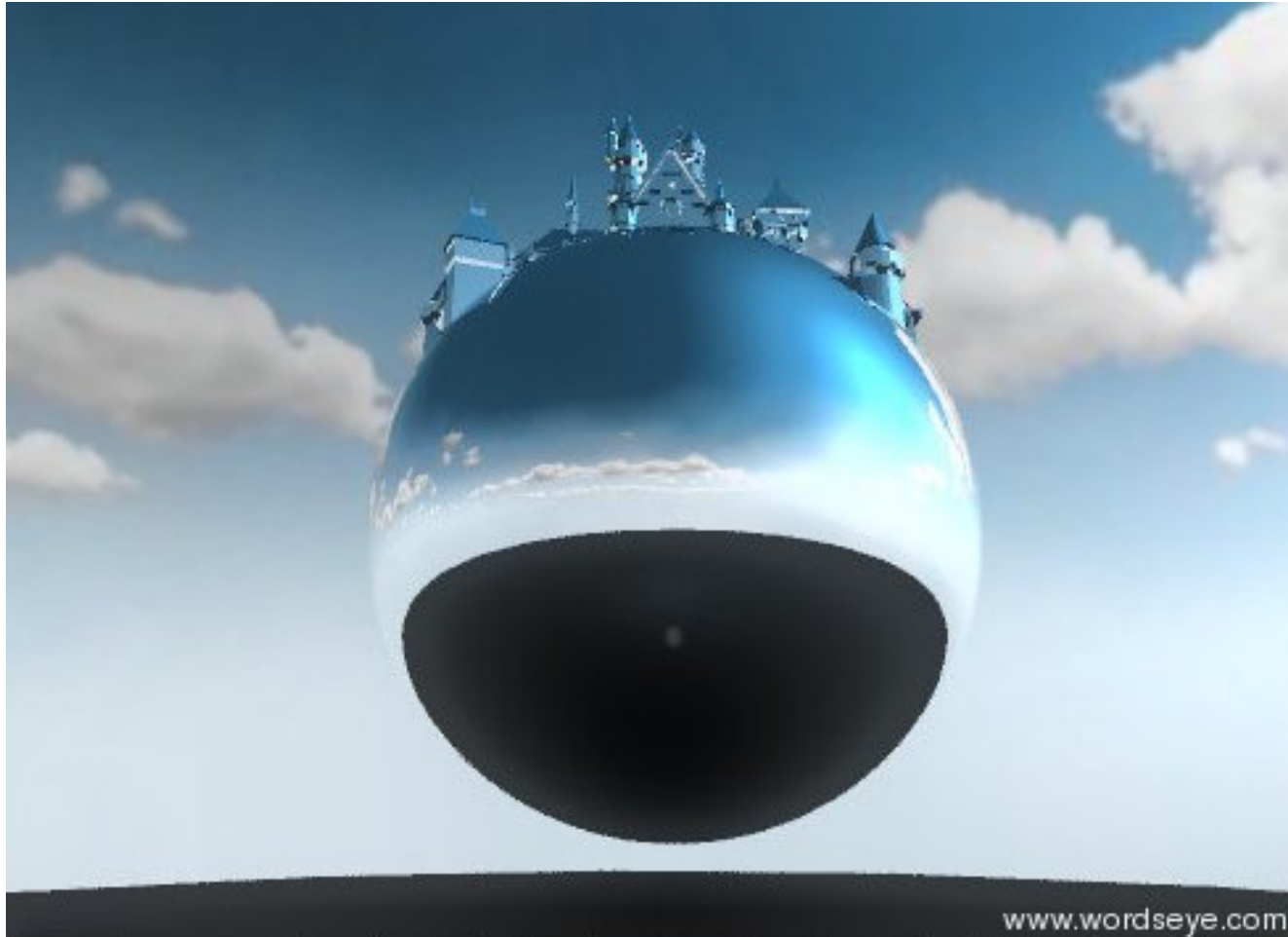


WordsEye: A system for converting natural language text to 3D scenes



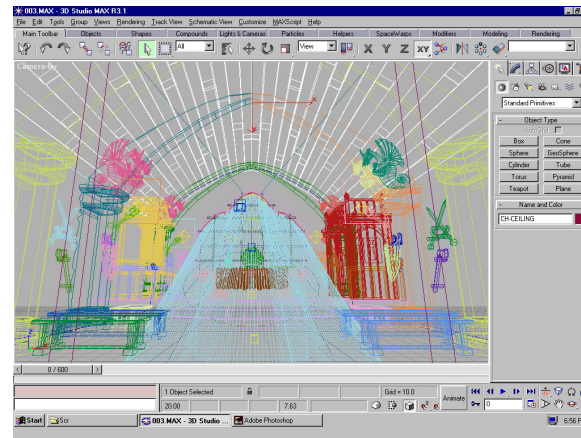
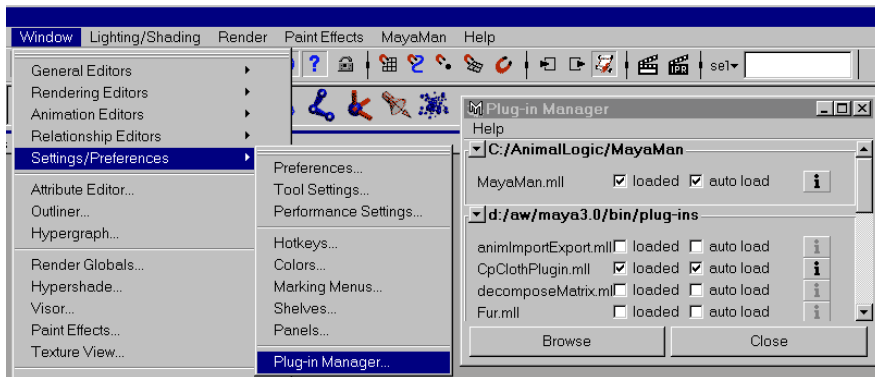
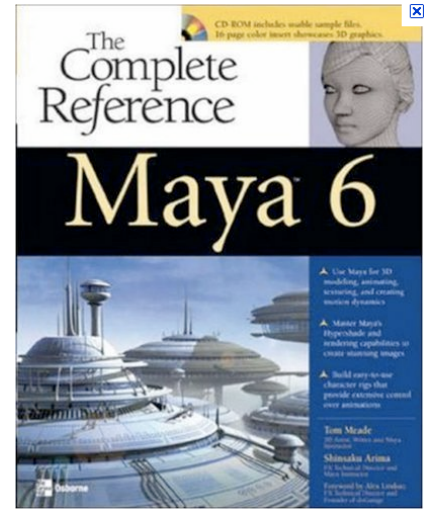
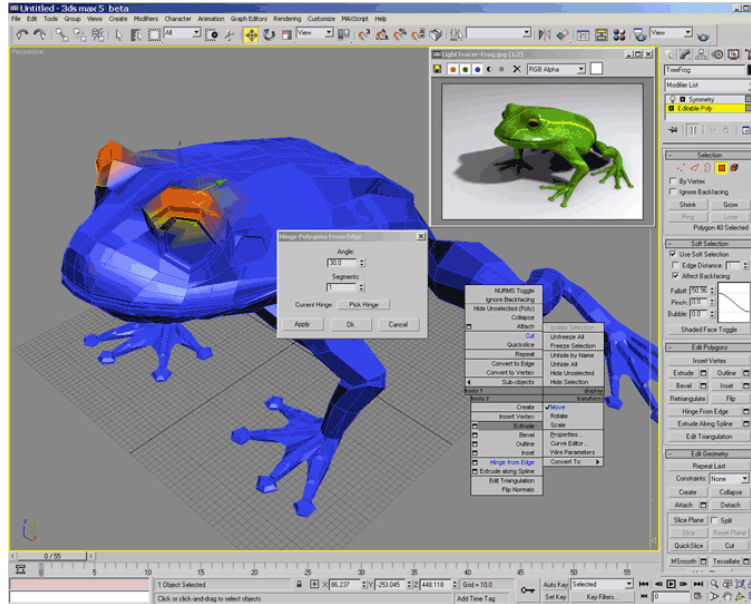
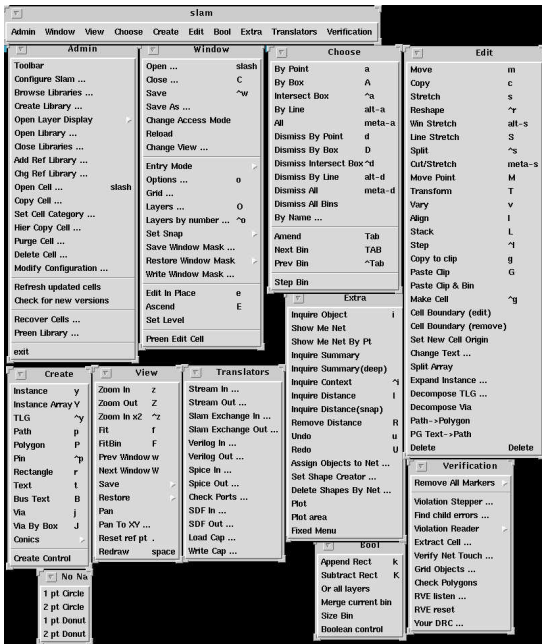
Bob Coyne (coyne@cs.columbia.edu)

Text2Scene group: Julia Hirschberg, Richard Sproat, Owen Rambow, Daniel Bauer,
Masoud Rouhizadeh, Cecilia Schudel, Alex Klapheke

Outline

- Motivation
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Untapped potential – 3D graphics is compelling but hard to create



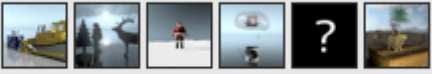
New Approach - Create 3D scenes with language



Santa Claus is on the white mountain range. he is blue. it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him. the alien is in front of him. the mountain range is silver.

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.




Type a picture

Input area for typing a picture.

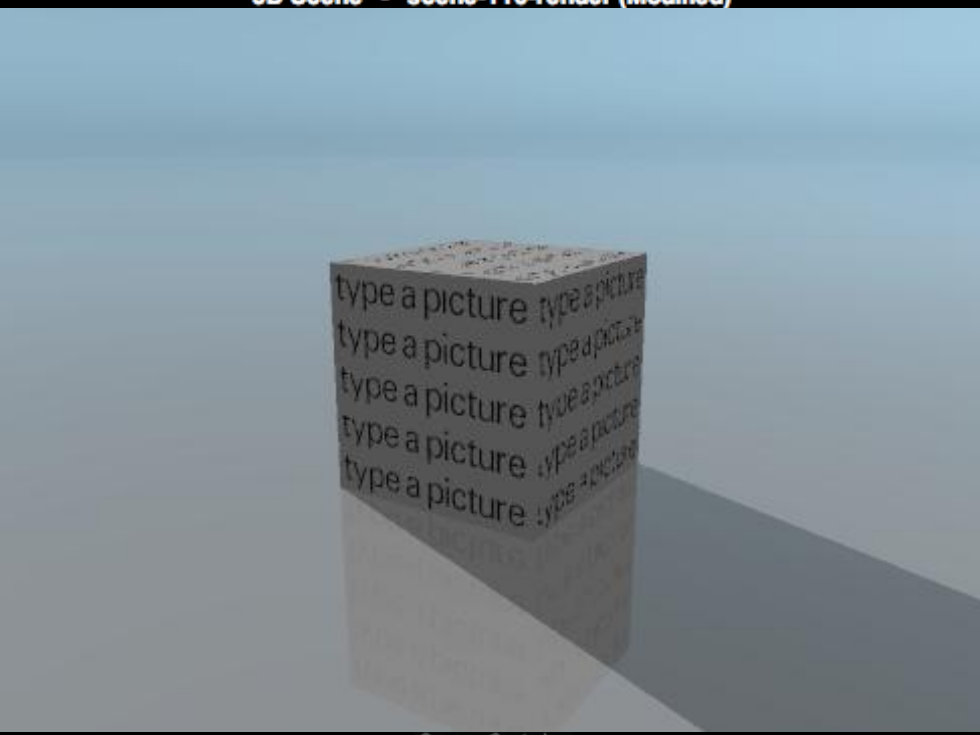
Display Scene

Keep same objects



Keep same view

Object Dictionary 

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



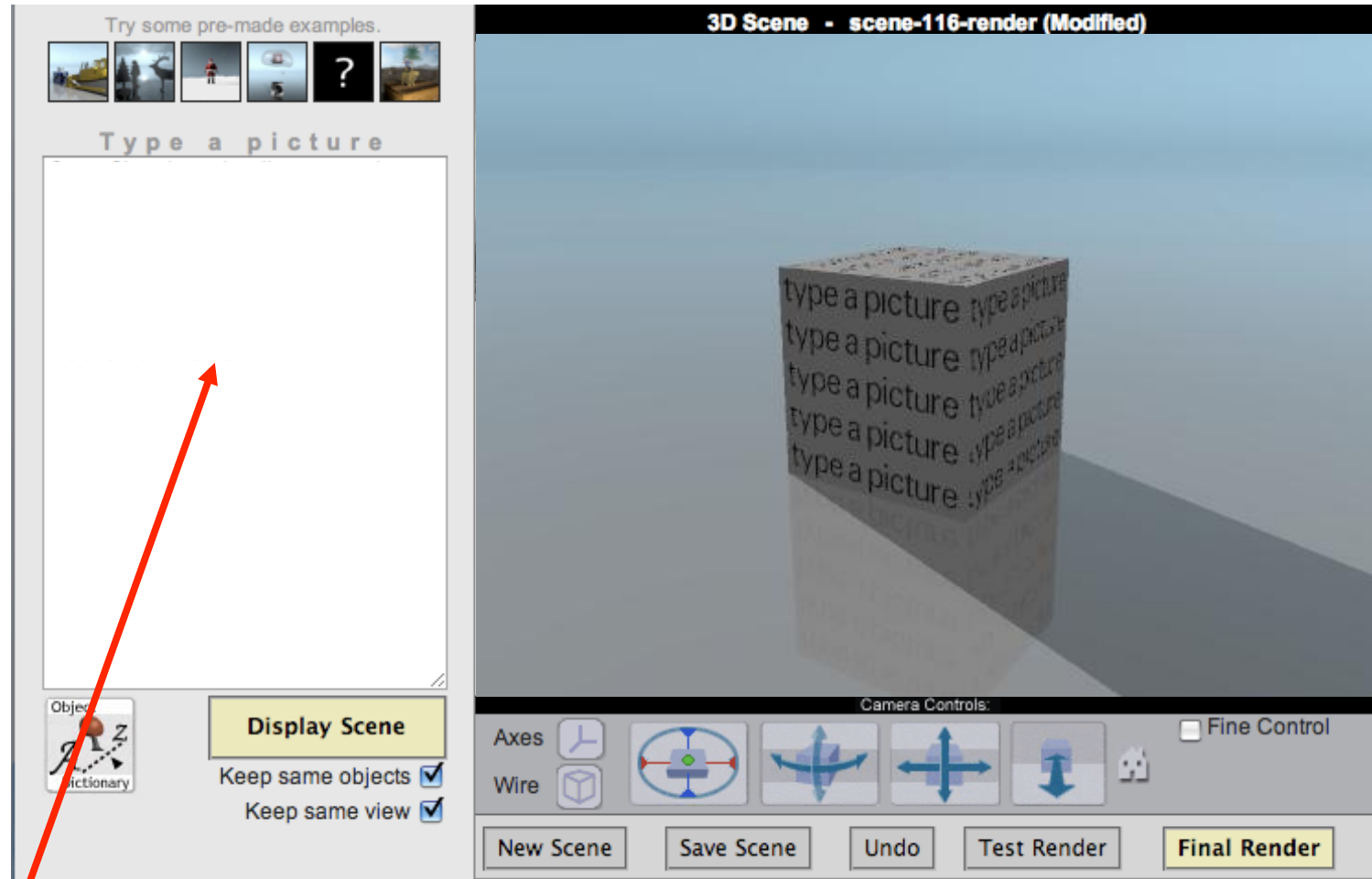
Camera Controls:

Axes  Wire 

Fine Control

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render **Final Render**

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language



1 Describe a scene

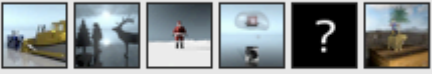
WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

The screenshot displays the WordsEye software interface. On the left, a text input area titled "Type a picture" contains the text: "Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.", "it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.", and "the alien is in front of him.". A red arrow points from the text "the alien is in front of him." to the 3D scene on the right. The 3D scene, titled "3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)", shows a 3D rendered cube with the text "type a picture" repeated on its visible faces. Below the scene is a "Camera Controls" panel with various navigation icons and a "Final Render" button.

1 Describe a scene

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.



Type a picture

Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.

it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.

the alien is in front of him.

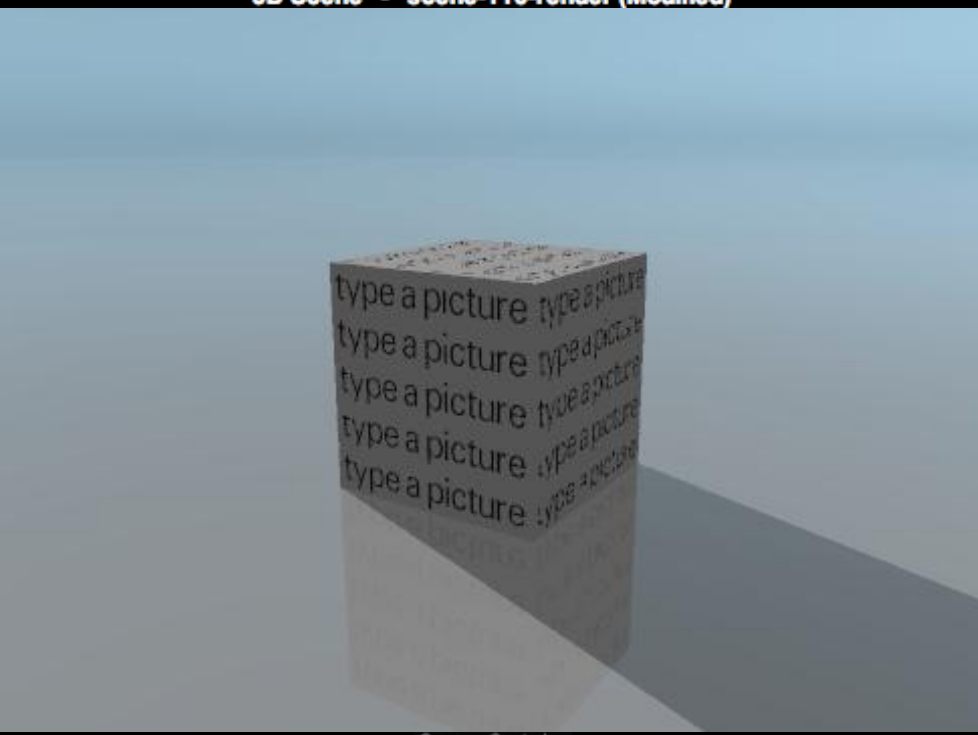
Object Dictionary

Display Scene

Keep same objects

Keep same view

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



Camera Controls:

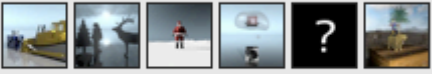
Axes Wire Fine Control

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render **Final Render**

2 Click **Display**

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.



Type a picture

Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.

it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.

the alien is in front of him.


Object Dictionary

Display Scene

Keep same objects

Keep same view

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



Camera Controls:

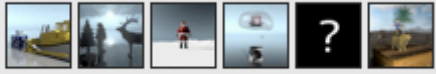
Axes Wire

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render **Final Render**

2 click **Display**

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.



Type a picture

Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.

it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.

the alien is in front of him.


Object Dictionary

Display Scene

Keep same objects

Keep same view

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



Camera Controls:

Axes Wire

Fine Control

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render **Final Render**

3 Change 3D viewpoint using camera controls

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.



Type a picture

Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.

it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.

the alien is in front of him.

Object Dictionary

Display Scene

Keep same objects

Keep same view

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



Click on any object to center it

Camera Controls:

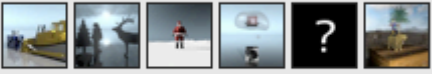
Axes Wire Fine Control

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render Final Render

3 Change 3D viewpoint using camera controls

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.





Type a picture

Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.

it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.

the alien is in front of him.


Object  Dictionary 

Display Scene

Keep same objects



Keep same view

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



Created with WordsEye

Camera Controls

Axes  Wire 

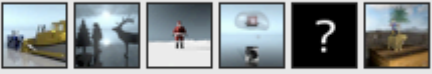
Fine Control

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render **Final Render**

4 Perform final render to add reflections, shadows, etc.

WordsEye: Create 3D scenes with language

Try some pre-made examples.



Type a picture

Santa Claus is on the silver mountain range. he is blue.

it is cloudy. the large yellow illuminator is in front of him.

the alien is in front of him.


Object Dictionary

Display Scene

Keep same objects

Keep same view

3D Scene - scene-116-render (Modified)



Created with WordsEye

Camera Controls

Axes Wire

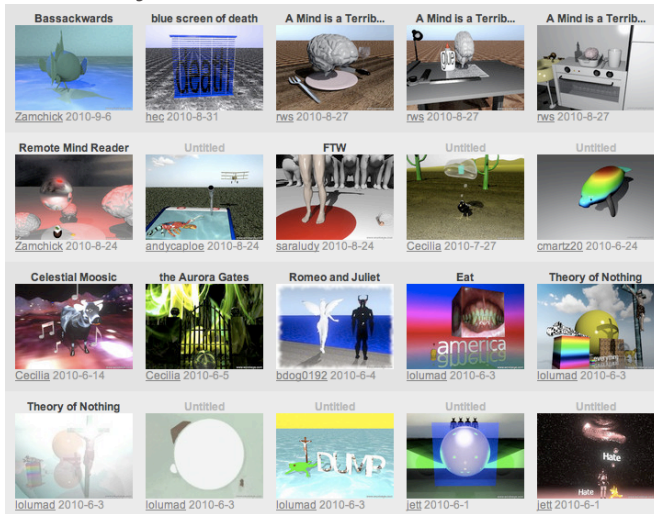
Fine Control

New Scene Save Scene Undo Test Render **Final Render**

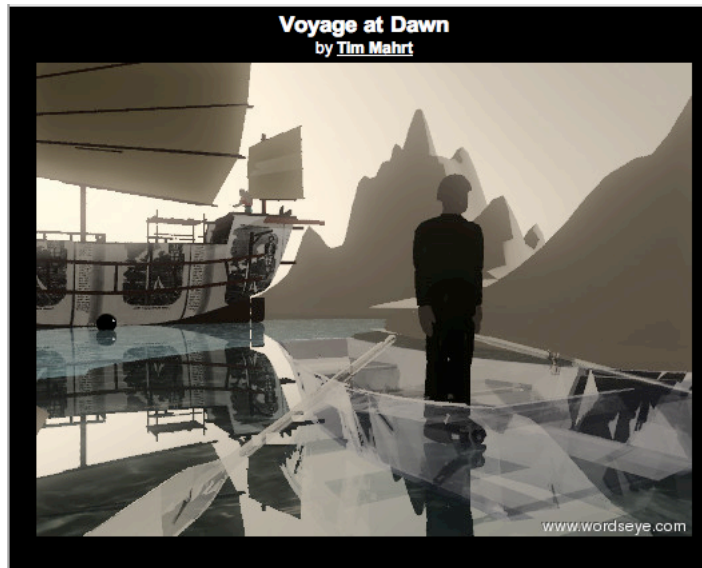
5 Final Rendered picture can be put in online Gallery
Or linked with other pictures to form a Picturebook

Online gallery and picturebooks

Gallery



User comments



Generated from text: It is morning. The sky is tan. The ground is water. A very large boat is in the ground. The boat is glass. A man is in the boat. The camera is in front of the man. A tall mountain is on the left of the boat. The mountain is tan. A tall mountain is on the right of the boat. The mountain is tan. A tall mountain is fifty feet behind the boat. The mountain is tan. A large pirate boat is fifty feet behind the boat. It is facing West. A pirate is on the boat. A bird is above the boat. A large sphere is in front of the boat. The sphere is black

[Open in Workspace](#) [Copy to Clipboard](#) [Send E-Postcard](#)

coyne – 1/27/2006

Wow...this is really cool!

Zamchick – 1/27/2006

Is there a bird on the shoulder of that pirate :-)

rws – 1/29/2006

Tim is a student in my intro computational linguistics class. He's interested in NLP and graphics.

This shows how quickly someone can get up to speed if they are motivated. We just have to write off the speech engineer types who try three things and conclude it doesn't work.

coyne – 1/30/2006

right. It's great to see people do stuff like this right off the bat.

I agree motivation is the key factor (as it is with any creative tool). We might never be able to make the system do enough to satisfy the reluctant user who has little creative urge or motivation to learn.

rws – 1/31/2006

Tim told me today that this picture took him 15 minutes or so to make. That's 15 minutes from his first ever access to the system, including figuring out what the system can and cannot do, and then producing the scene.

coyne – 1/31/2006

Good datapoint.

Zamchick – 1/31/2006

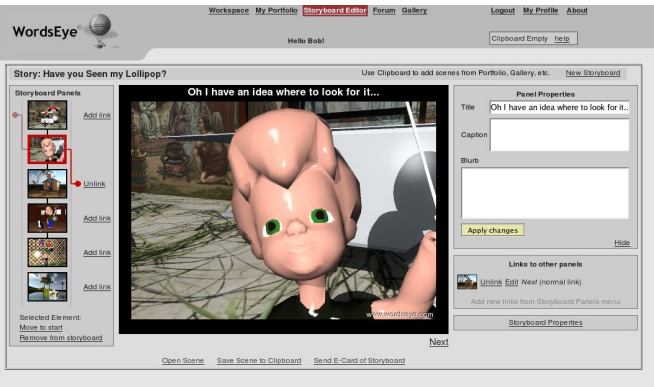
Where's Tim's second picture?

rws – 1/31/2006

He's busy doing homework.

Zamchick – 1/31/2006

Ease up on the wordartist, the wordseye, the literfiti artist, the Graffonic fellow!



Picturebook editor

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What is needed to depict a scene?

- 3D Objects and images
- Spatial relations
- Surface properties: color, texture, transparency, etc
- Poses, facial expressions, and other shape changes
- Compound objects (e.g. living room) composed of many objects

And then... tie everything to language!

Graphical library: 2,200 3D objects and 10,000 images – all tied to words

3D objects

3D Object



Associated words: weight bench, sportsware, bench
Size: 6.0 feet

3D Object



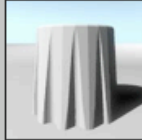
Associated words: furniture, television, furnishing, appliance, display device, communication device
Size: 4.0 feet

3D Object



Associated words: furniture, television, furnishing, appliance, display device, communication device
Size: 3.0 feet

3D Object



Associated words: end table, compound, compound object, table, group
Size: 3.0 feet

3D Object



Associated words: coffee table, table
Size: 3.5 feet

3D Object



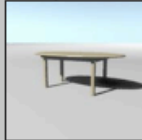
Associated words: table, furniture
Size: 3.0 feet

3D Object



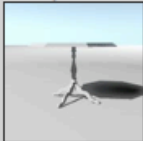
Associated words: kitchen table, patio table, table
Size: 5.0 feet

3D Object



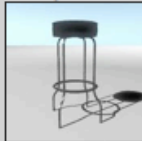
Associated words: dining room table, table
Size: 8.0 feet

3D Object



Associated words: table, furniture
Size: 3.0 feet

3D Object



Associated words: bar stool, stool
Size: 3.0 feet

2D Images and textures



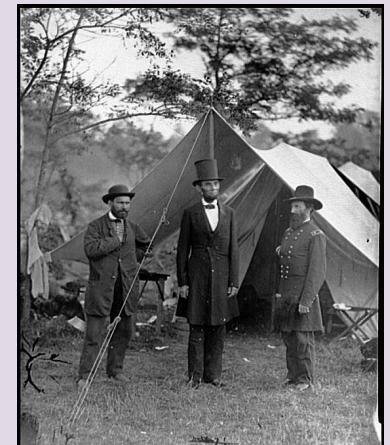
B&W drawings



Texture Maps



Artwork



Photographs

Objects by another name (reference resolution)

Anaphora and co-reference



The duck is in the sea. It is upside down. The sea is shiny and transparent. The apple is 3 inches below the duck. It is in front of the duck. It is partly cloudy.

Attribute reference

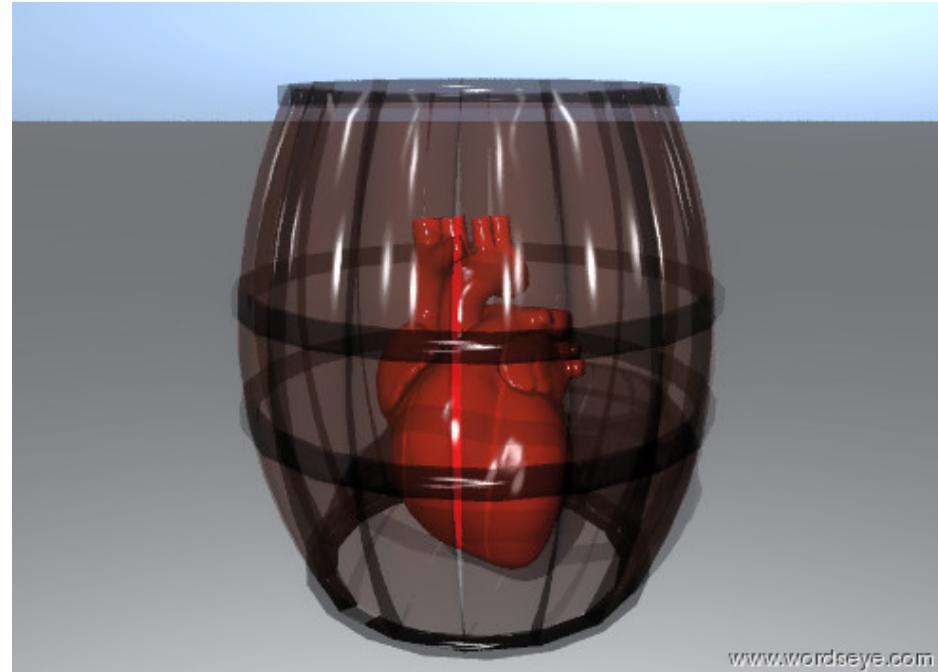


Three dogs are on the table. The first dog is blue. The first dog is 5 feet tall. The second dog is red. The third dog is purple.

Attributes: size, color, transparency, texture



*The orange battleship is on the brick cow.
The battleship is 3 feet long*



*The red heart is in the tiny transparent
barrel.*

Poses and facial expressions



The clown is **running**. ...



Obama is **afraid and angry**....

Put yourself in scenes

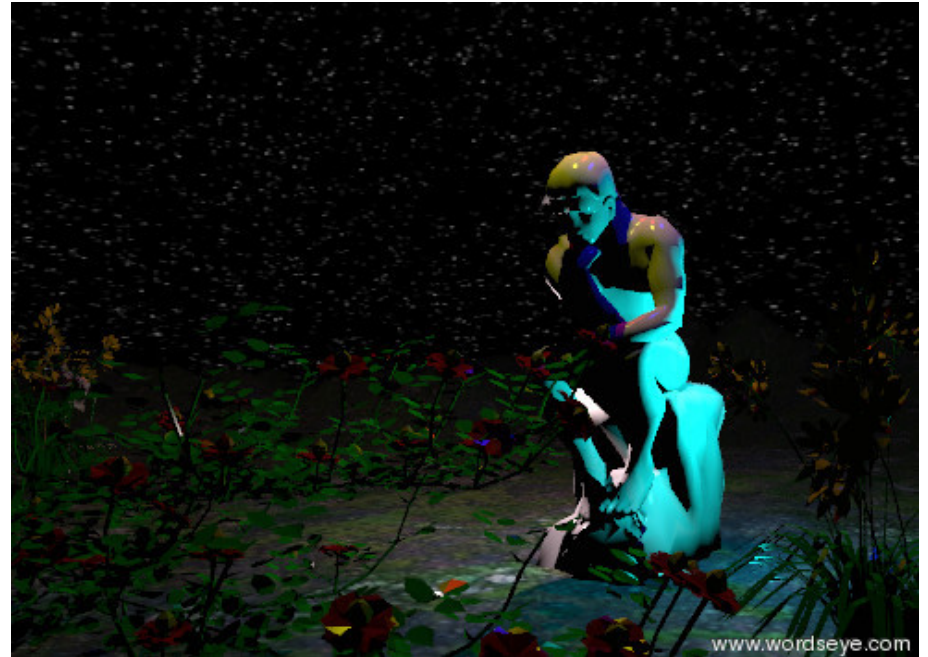


Obama is furious and surprised. He is to the right of Owen. Bob is behind Obama. The oil derrick is 10 feet behind Obama. It is in the ocean.

Environmental attributes: Time of day, cloudiness, lighting



the big palm tree is on the very large white sandy island. a palm tree is next to the big palm tree. the island is on the sea. The sun is pink. it is dawn. it is partly cloudy. The huge silver rocket is 20 feet above the sea...



The 7 enormous flowers are in front of the statue. It is midnight. The statue is 40 feet tall. The statue is on the mountain range. The 5 huge bushes are behind the mushroom. . . .

Full scene with several graphical constraints



The very large silver ball is on the table. the ground is shiny. The table is under the small willow tree. The lion is one foot in front of the table. the lion is facing the ball. it is cloudy.

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Lexicon – WordNet

- Online <http://wordnetweb.princeton.edu/perl/webwn>
- 120,000 Lexical items (synsets)
 - **hypernym/hyponym** (*Poodle is a Dog, Dog is a Canine*)
 - **Meronyms/holonyms** (*Birds have wings*)
- Multiple word senses. E.g. *Coffee*
 - <NOUN-12662772: ("coffee" "coffee tree") [hyper=("tree")]>
 - <NOUN-7929519: ("coffee" "java") [hyper=("beverage" "drink" "drinkable" "potable")]>
 - <NOUN-7929351: ("coffee bean" "coffee berry" "coffee") [hyper=("seed")]>
 - <NOUN-4972451: ("chocolate" "coffee" "deep brown" "umber" "burnt umber") [hyper=("brown" "brownness")]>
- Connect 3D objects to lexicon

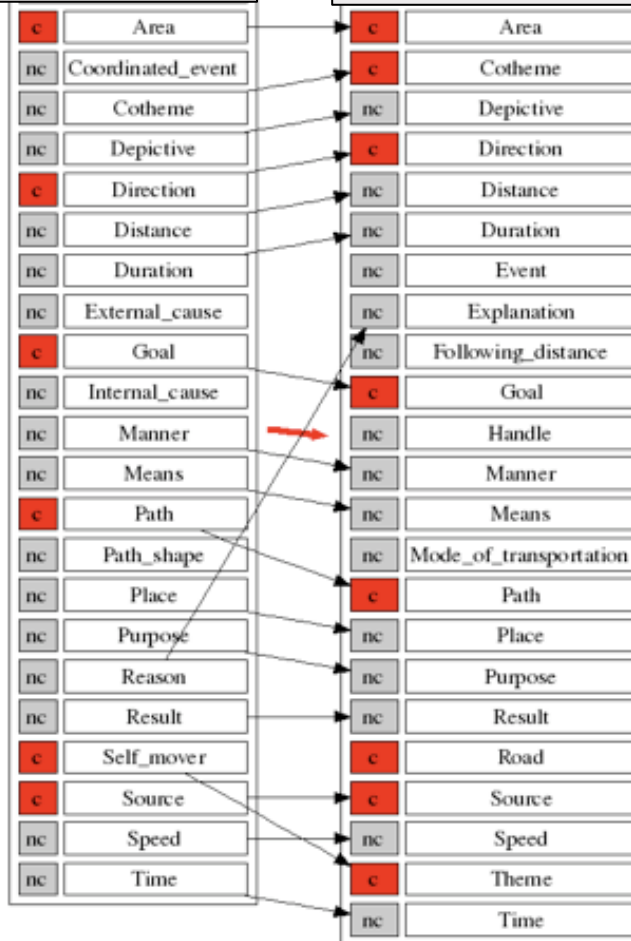
Verb Semantics with FrameNet

- Online at <http://framenet.icsi.berkeley.edu/>
- **Frame**
 - Schematic representation of a situation, object, or event that provides the background and motivation for the existence and everyday use of words in a language. i.e. grouping of words with common semantics.
 - 1,000 frames and 10,000 words in those frames
 - **Frame Elements** (FEs): frame-based roles (agent, instrument, ...)
- E.g. COMMERCE_SELL (*sell, vend*)
 - Core FEs (BUYER, GOODS, SELLER) ,
 - Peripheral FEs (TIME, LOCATION, MANNER, ...)

Frames, roles, frame-to-frame relations

Self_motion frame

Cotheme frame



*Run, swim, walk, fly, hike,
Meander, ...*

*Pursue, guide, lead,
chase, ...*

Syntax

- The meaning of a sentence depends not only on the words in the sentence but their order and relation to each other. These relations are embedded in the **syntax**.

- **Part of speech** for each word in sentence:

The _{det} *truck* _n *chased* _v *the* _{det} *man* _n *down* _p *the* _{det} *long* _{adj} *road* _n

- **Grammar rules:**

S → NP VP

VP → V

VP → V PP

VP → V NP PP

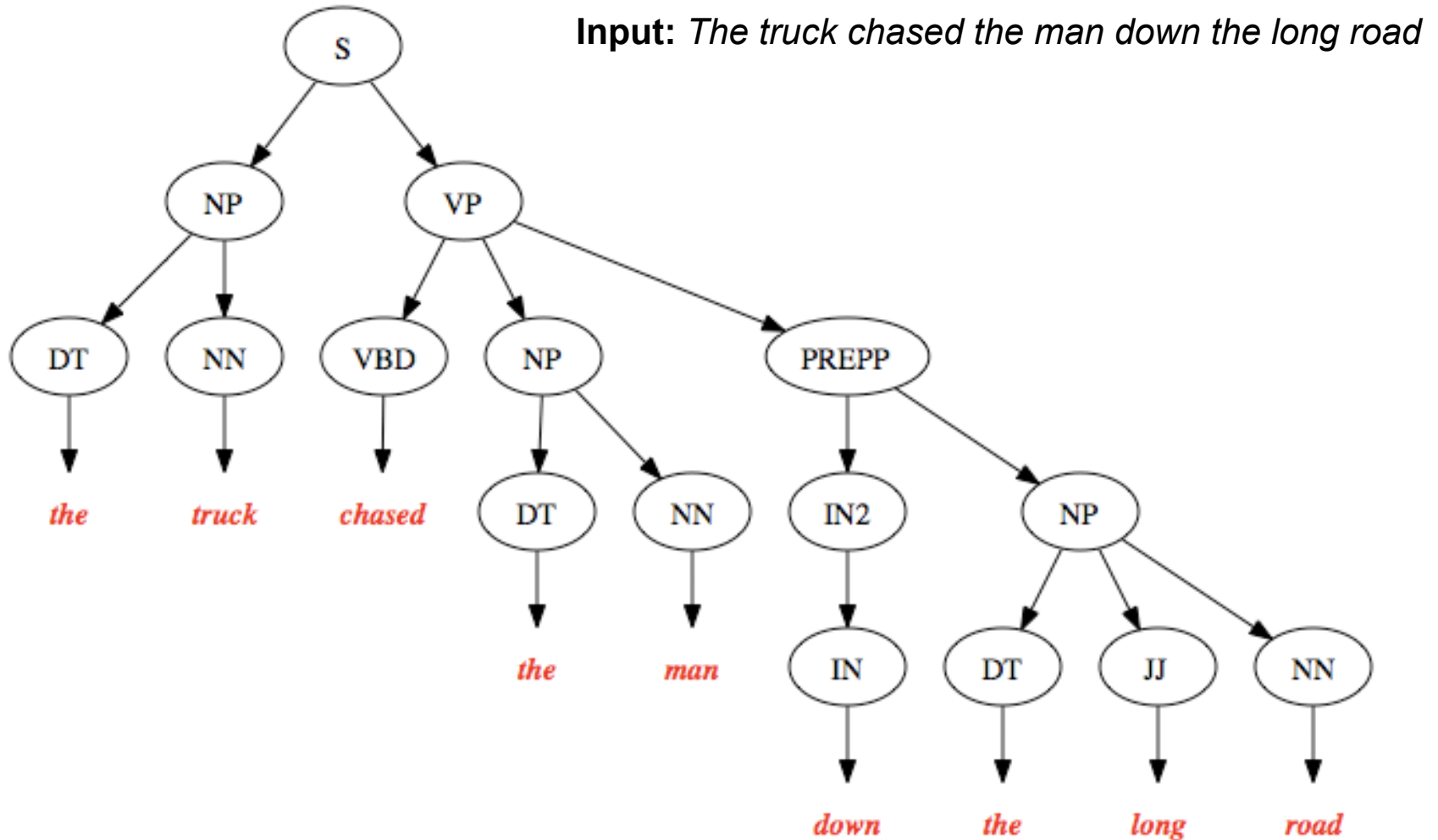
PP → P NP

NP → N

NP → Det N

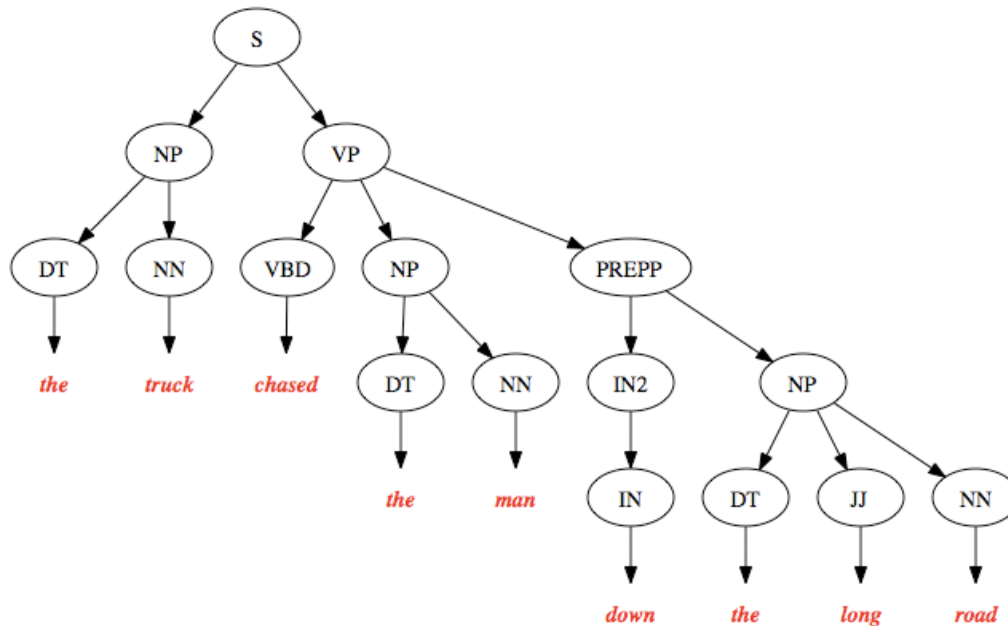
NP → Det Adj N

Parsing applies grammar rules to part-of-speech tokens to produce a representative tree structure

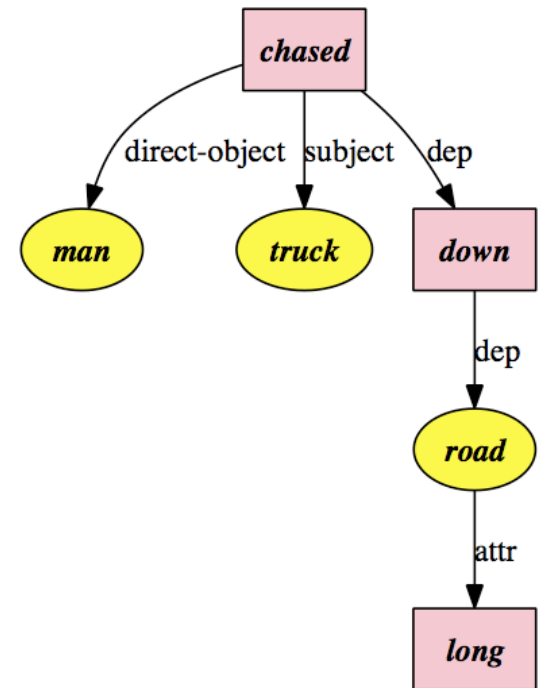


Parse tree → dependency tree

Input: *The truck chased the man down the long road*



Parse tree



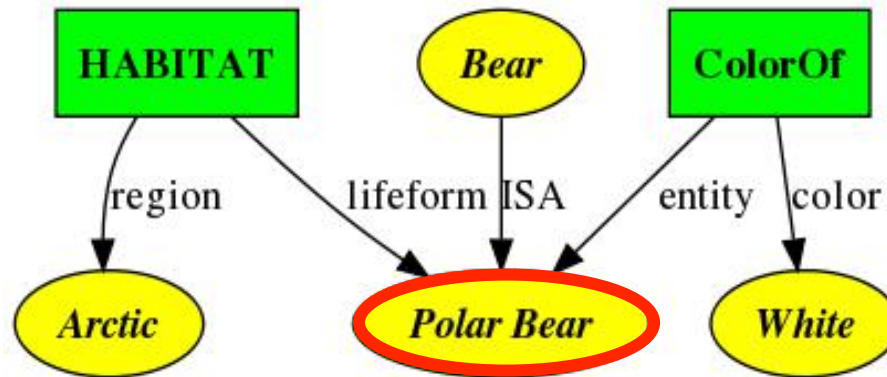
Dependency relations

Representing Knowledge

- **Semantic nodes** represent entities and types:
 - Types (*House, teenager, polar bear, ...*)
 - Elaborated types (*A tiny house with a metallic front door*)
 - Events (*John slowly washing the apple*)
 - Individuals (*Barack Obama, Homer Simpson, my house*)
- **Semantic relations** are applied to semantic nodes to give them meaning. (Semantic nodes have no structure of their own)
 - HABITAT-OF(*polar-bear, Arctic*)
 - SIZE-OF(*house-1, tiny*)
 - Need inventory of semantic relations
- **Meta-relations** translate between semantic relations.
 - E.g. *buy* and *sell* are different perspectives on same action
 - Used to decompose/ground meaning

Representing Word Meaning

polar bear: a white colored bear that lives in arctic

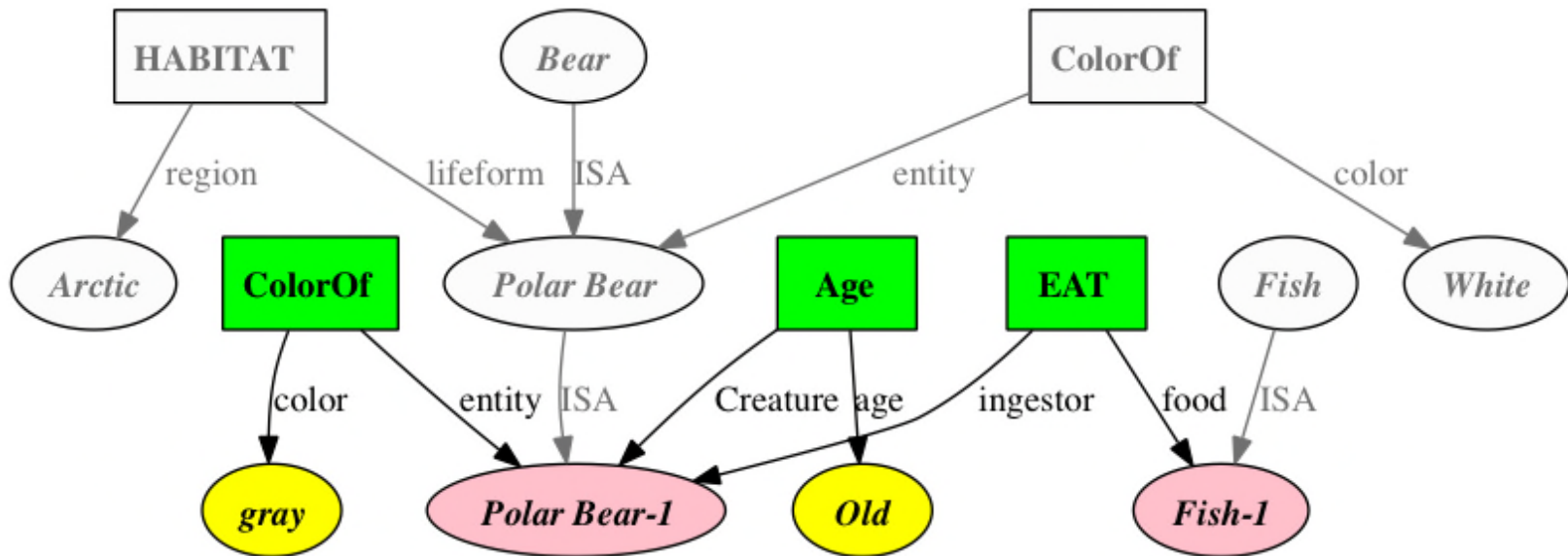


Semantic relation giving meaning to semantic node for polar bear

Semantic node for "polar bear"

...and sentence meaning

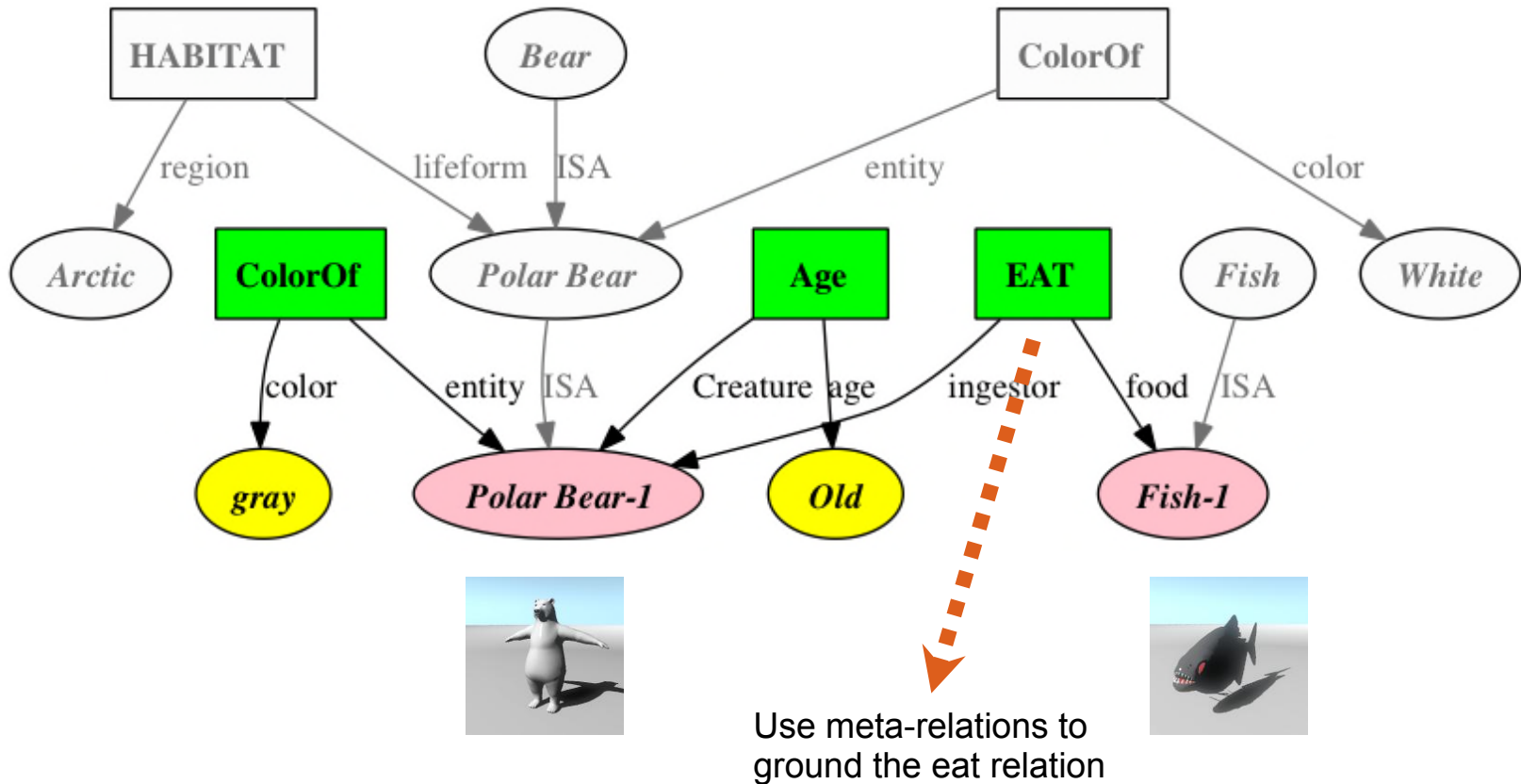
The old gray polar bear ate the fish



Semantic nodes for a particular polar bear and fish

Grounding sentence meaning

The old gray polar bear ate the fish



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Examples of high/low level descriptions (via Mechanical Turk)



- Acquire typical language (hi/low) for 100 comic book scenes
- Each scene described by 5 different Turkers

Low-level:

A man is using the telephone.
The man is wearing a yellow vest.
The man has blonde hair.
The man has white skin.
A white rodent is inside a cage.
The cage is on a table.
The phone is on the table.
The cage has a handle.
A safe is in the background of the room.

#High-level:

The man is a scientist working with white rodents.

#High-level:

The man is talking to another scientist.

#High-level:

The man feels guilt at imprisoning a white rodent.

Problem: Very different grounding for similar high-level semantics (Man wash floor/apple)

The man washed the floor.



Low-level:

HOLD(man, sponge)
NEAR(man, bucket)
POSE(man, kneel)

The man washed the apple.

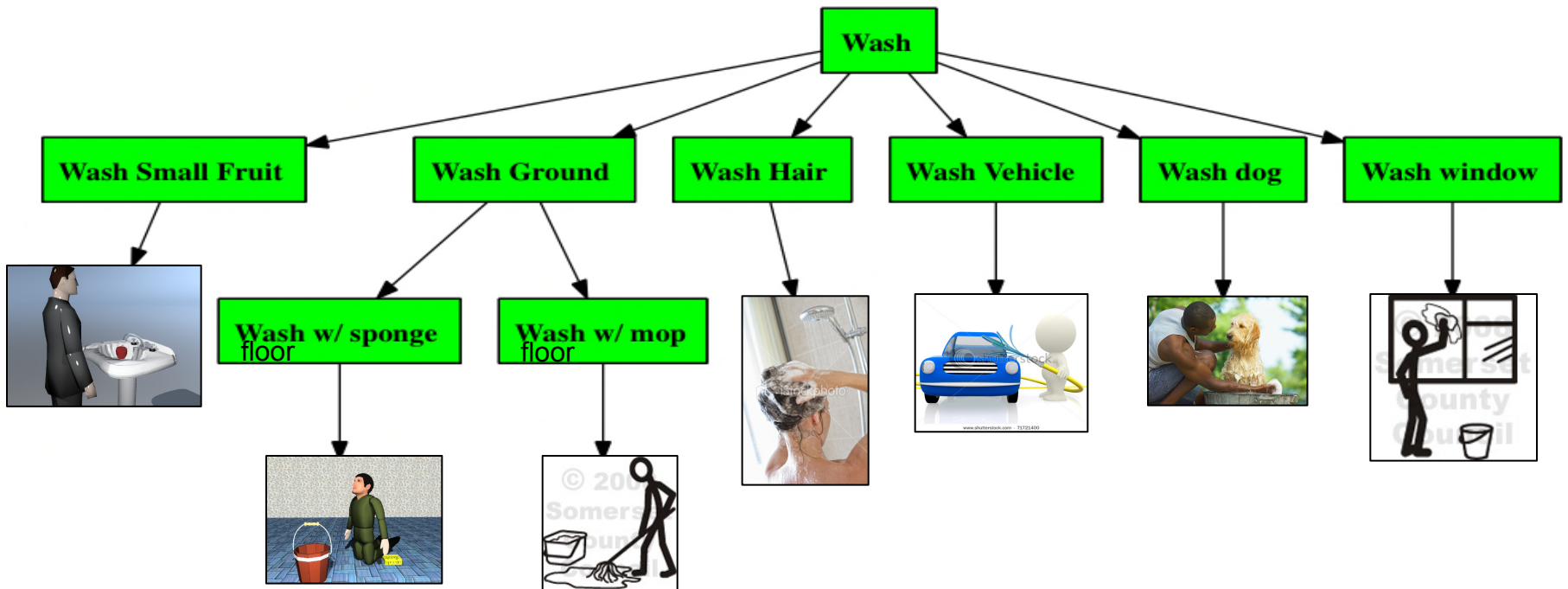


Low-level:

FACING(man, sink)
HOLD(man, apple) – not shown
IN-FRONT-OF(man, sink)

Proposed solution: Vignettes

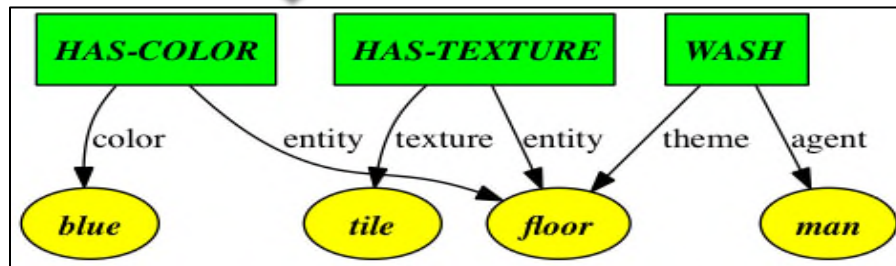
- *Vignettes* represent the ways meaning is realized in the world – they link **form** and **function**
 - Actions: freeze the action in time as in a comic panel
 - Locations: typical configurations of constituent objects
 - *Living room* → {*Couch IN-FRONT-OF wall. Coffee table IN-FRONT-OF couch....*}



Example: Representing and grounding meaning

Input: *The man washed the blue tile floor*

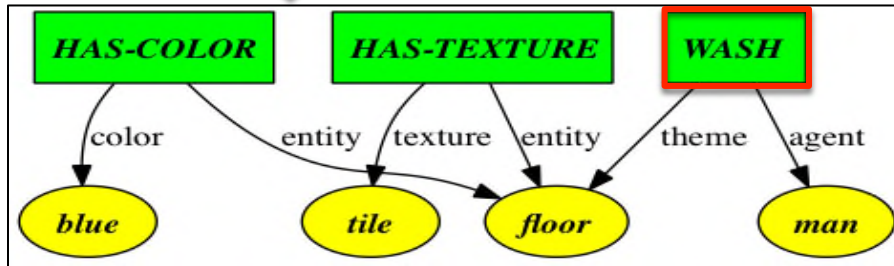
↓ Create semantic nodes and relations



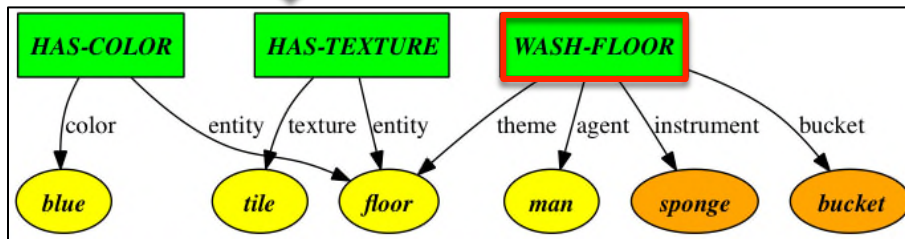
Example: Representing and grounding meaning

Input: *The man washed the blue tile floor*

↓ Create semantic nodes and relations



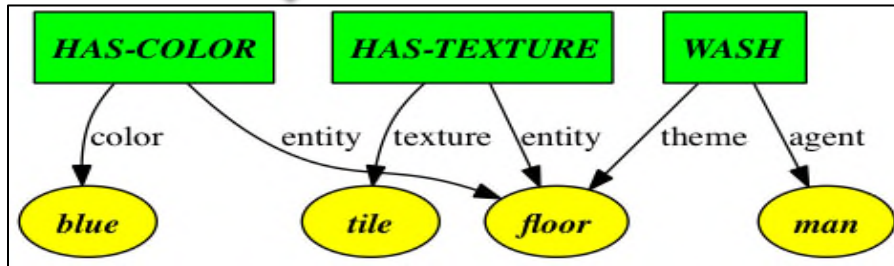
↓ Invoke vignette



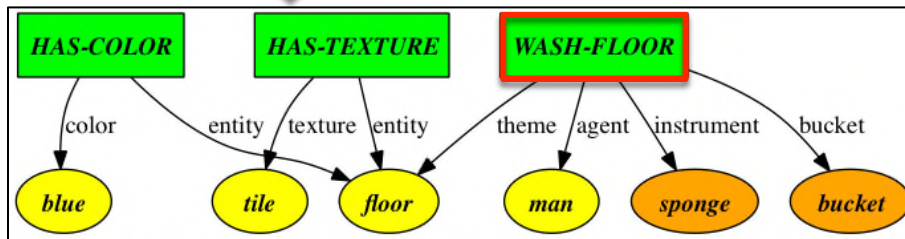
Example: Representing and grounding meaning

Input: *The man washed the blue tile floor*

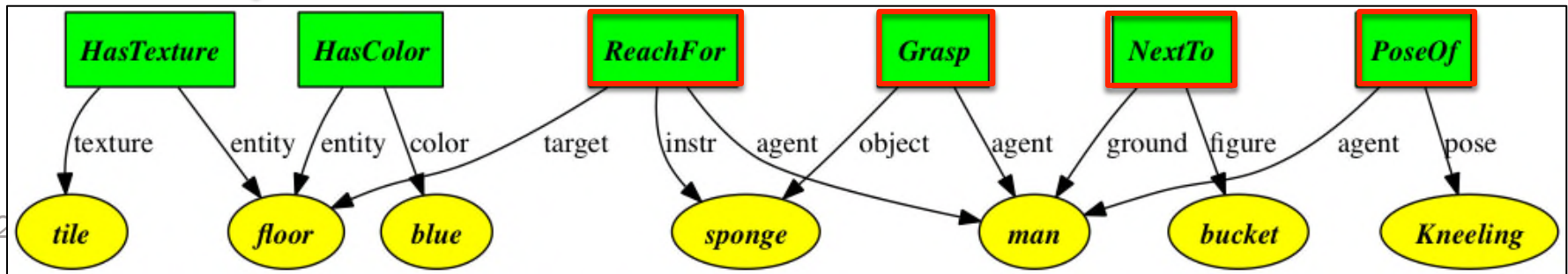
↓ Create semantic nodes and relations



↓ Invoke vignette



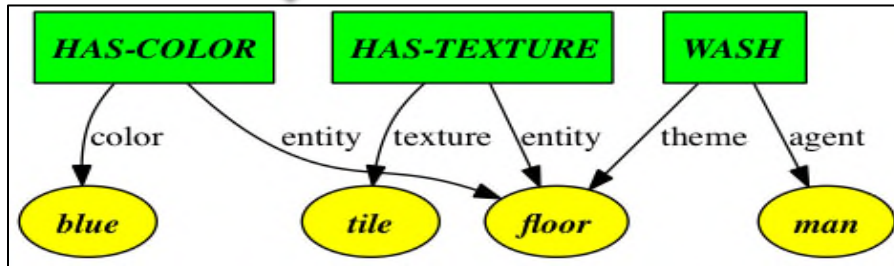
↓ Decompose vignette into grounded relations



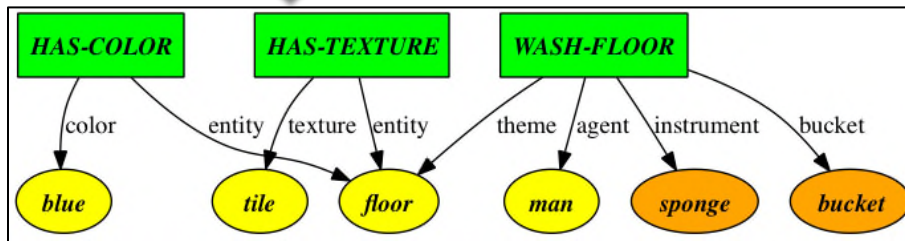
Example: Representing and grounding meaning

Input: *The man washed the blue tile floor*

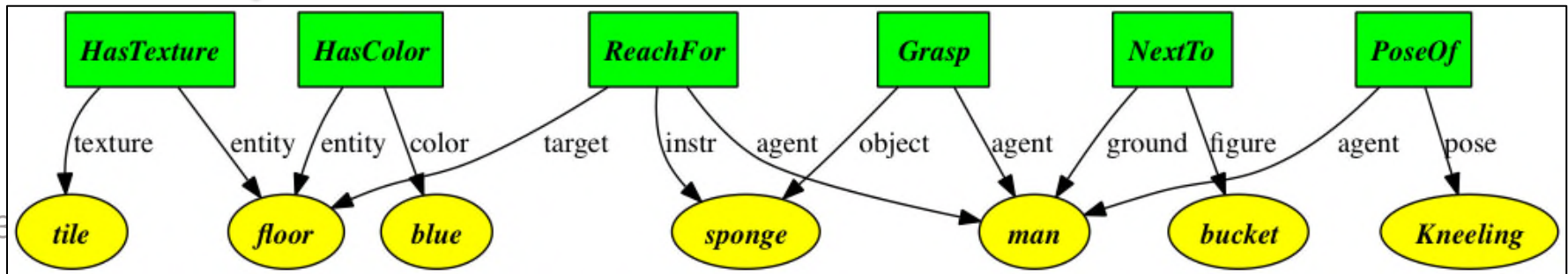
↓ Create semantic nodes and relations



↓ Invoke vignette



↓ Decompose vignette into grounded relations



↑ Apply constraints and render (mocked-up scene)

Where do Vignettes come from? Use Crowdsourcing with Amazon's Mechanical Turk

- <https://www.mturk.com/mturk/welcome>
- Location Vignettes
 - Show picture of different types of rooms. Turker does:
 1. Identifies main objects
 2. Specifies spatial relations for those objects
 3. Identifies subobject types using 3D library (e.g. kitchen table versus picnic table)
- Action Vignettes (given location and action)
 - Provide action sentence and location vignette picture/objects. Turker does:
 1. Identifies additional objects and participants
 2. Identifies subobject types using 3D library
 3. Specifies spatial relations, facial expressions, and poses for those objects

General World Knowledge with ConceptNet

- Acquired using crowd-sourcing
- <http://openmind.media.mit.edu/en/concept/>
 - (LocationOf "computer" "at apartment")
 - (LocationOf "computer" "at desk")
 - (LocationOf "computer" "at fraternity house")
 - (LocationOf "computer" "at home")
 - (LocationOf "computer" "at internet cafe")
 - (LocationOf "computer" "at library")
 - (LocationOf "piano" "at concert")
 - (LocationOf "piano" "at neighbor 's house")
 - (LocationOf "piano" "in church")
 - (LocationOf "piano" "in concert")
 - (LocationOf "piano" "in living room")
 - (LocationOf "piano" "in music room")

Outline

- Motivation
- Background and system overview
- Under the hood
 - Lexicon, syntax, semantics, world knowledge
 - Vignettes
 - *Spatial relations and ambiguity*
- Applications and Conclusion

Problem: spatial relation meaning depends on object properties

- Resolve “in” to more specific spatial relations
 - *Boat in water* (EMBEDDED-IN)
 - *Dog in boat* (IN CUPPED REGION)
- Depends on object shape and function



Created with WordsEye

Solution: Spatial Tags assigned to 3D objects



BASE



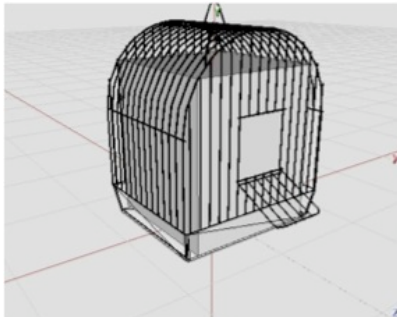
CUP



ON



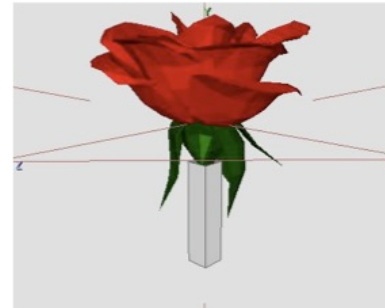
CANOPY



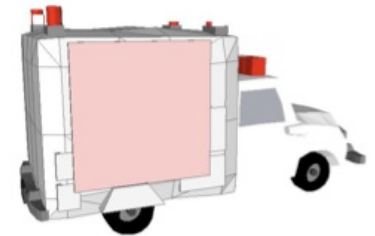
ENCLOSURE



HANDLE

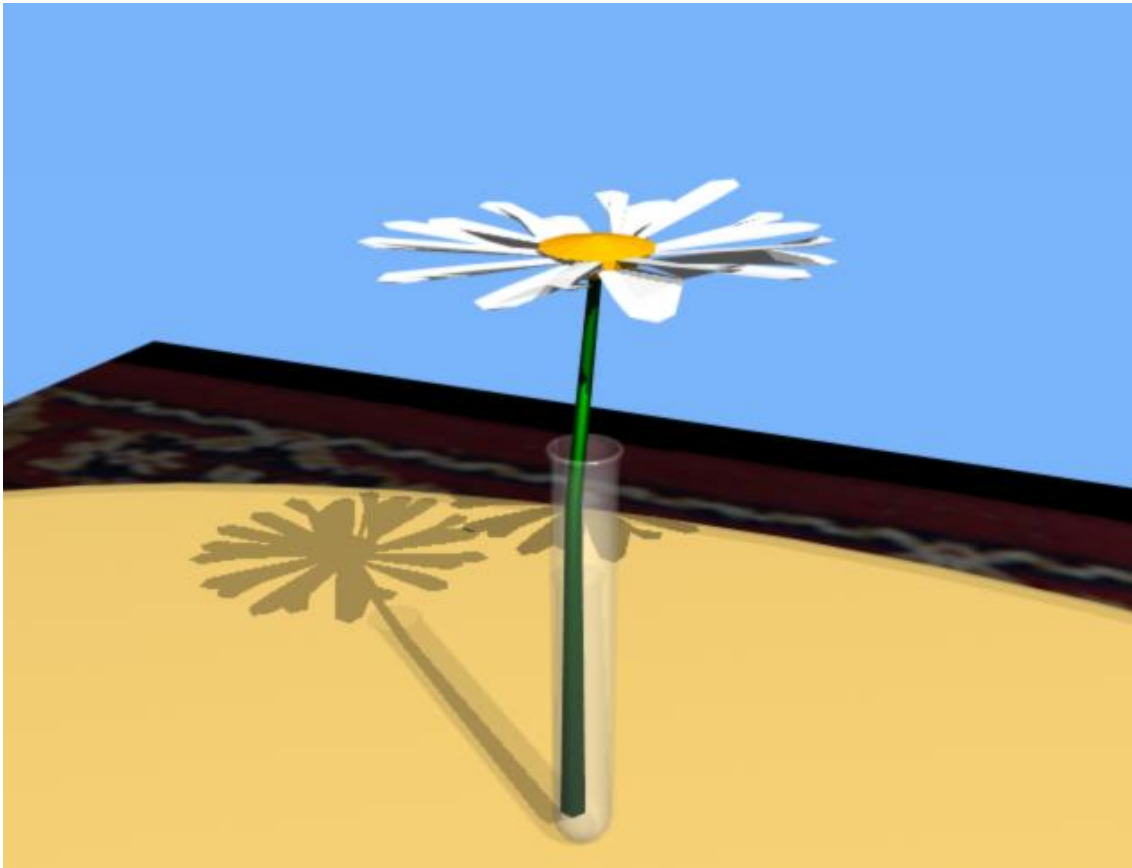


STEM



WALL

Using STEM and CUP tags



The daisy is in the test tube.

Using ENCLOSURE and ON tags



The bird is in the bird cage. The bird cage is on the chair.

Grounding of spatial relations

Spatial relation	Scene elements
ENCLOSED-IN	<i>Chicken in cage</i>
EMBEDDED-IN	<i>Horse in ground</i>
IN-CUP	<i>Chicken in bowl</i>
ON-TOP-SURFACE	<i>Apple on wall</i>
ON-VERTICAL-SURFACE	<i>Picture on wall</i>
PATTERN-ON	<i>Brick-texture on wall</i>
UNDER-CANOPY	<i>Vase under umbrella</i>
UNDER-BASE	<i>Rug under table</i>
STEM-IN-CUP	<i>Flower in vase</i>
LATERALLY RELATED	<i>Wall behind table</i>
LENGTH AXIS	<i>Wall</i>
DEFAULT SIZE/DIRECTION	All objects
REGION	<i>Right side of</i>
DISTANCE	<i>2 feet behind</i>
SIZE	<i>Small and 16 ft long</i>
ORIENTATION	<i>facing</i>



Input text: A large magenta flower is in a small vase. The vase is under an umbrella. The umbrella is on the right side of a table. A picture of a woman is on the left side of a 16 foot long wall. A brick texture is on the wall. The wall is 2 feet behind the table. A small brown horse is in the ground. It is a foot to the left of the table. A red chicken is in a birdcage. The cage is to the right of the table. A huge apple is on the wall. It is to the left of the picture. A large rug is under the table. A small blue chicken is in a large flower cereal bowl. A pink mouse is on a small chair. The chair is 5 inches to the left of the bowl. The bowl is in front of the table. The red chicken is facing the blue chicken. . .

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Ambiguity of “Of”

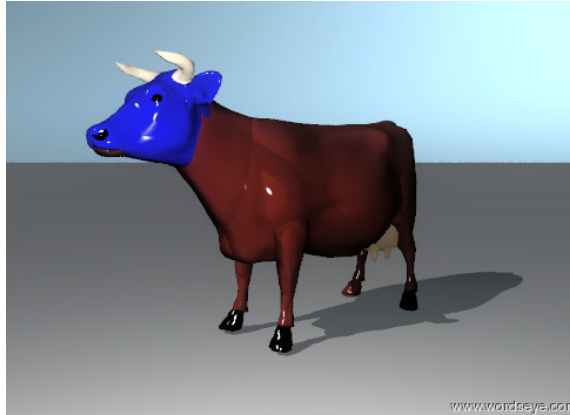
Text (A of B)	Conditions	Resulting Semantic Relation
<i>Bowl of cherries</i>	A=container, B=plurality-or-mass	CONTAINER-OF (bowl, cherries)
<i>Slab of concrete</i>	A=entity, B=substance	MADE-OF (slab, concrete)
<i>picture of girl</i>	A=representing-entity, B=entity	REPRESENTS (picture, girl)
<i>Arm of the chair</i>	A=part-of(B), B=entity	PART-OF (chair, arm)
<i>Height of the tree</i>	A=size-property, B=physical-entity	DIMENSION-OF (height, tree)
<i>Stack of plates</i>	A=arrangement, B=plurality	GROUPING-OF (stack, plates)

Semantic types, functional properties, and spatial tags used to resolve semantic relation for “of”

Grounding of “of”



Containment: *bowl of cats*



Part: *head of the cow*



Dimension: *height of horse is..*



Grouping: *stack of cats*



Substance: *horse of stone*



Representation: *Picture of girl*

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Potential Applications

Social Media

- Speed enables social interaction with pictures and promotes “visual banter”.
- Automatically depict Twitter tweets

3D Games

- Trend toward malleable environments and interfaces (e.g. Spore, Tom Clancy’s End War, Scribblenauts)
- Use WordsEye to modify game environment with language as part of the gameplay

Education (language skills, special needs learning)

- Pilot study in a Harlem summer enrichment program

Using WordsEye in Education

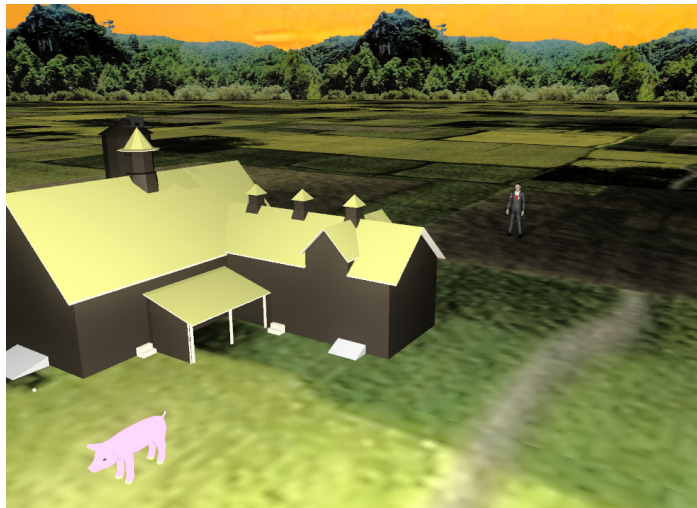
- Tested with 6th graders at HEAF (Harlem Educational Activities Fund) over 5 weeks
- Students made storyboards for scenes in Animal Farm and Aesop's Fables
- Significantly higher literacy growth for WordsEye group in controlled experiment
- System helped imagine and visualize stories. They loved putting each other's 3D faces in scenes.



	Pre-test	Post-test	Growth
Group 1 (WordsEye)	15.82	23.17	7.35
Group 2 (control)	18.05	20.59	2.54



HEAF pictures from Aesop's Fables and Animal Farm



Conclusion

- Key Concepts
 - Lexical, syntactic, and semantic processing
 - Annotated 3D and 2D object library
 - World knowledge to translate from high to low level semantics
- Application in education, gaming, and social media
- Online tools and resources students can explore:
 - WordNet: <http://wordnetweb.princeton.edu/perl/webwn>
 - Mechanical Turk: <https://www.mturk.com/mturk/welcome>
 - FrameNet: <http://framenet.icsi.berkeley.edu/>
 - Stanford parser: <http://nlp.stanford.edu:8080/parser/index.jsp>
 - graphviz: <http://www.graphviz.org/>
 - WordsEye <http://bit.ly/wordseye>

Thank You



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<http://bit.ly/wordseye> (research system)
www.wordseye.com (old system)